Annexe A: New/Revised Course Content in OBTL+ Format

Course Overview

The sections shown on this interface are based on the templates <u>UG OBTL+</u> or <u>PG OBTL+</u>

If you are revising/duplicating an existing course and do not see the pre-filled contents you expect in the subsequent sections e.g. Course Aims, Intended Learning Outcomes etc. please refer to Data Transformation Status for more information.

Expected Implementation in Academic Year	AY2024-2025
Semester/Trimester/Others (specify approx. Start/End date)	Semester 1
Course Author * Faculty proposing/revising the course	Raman Balajee; Chirla Chandra Sekhara Reddy (Dr)
Course Author Email	rbalajee@ntu.edu.sg; chandrasekhar.reddy@ntu.edu.sg
Course Title	Chemical, Biological & Plant Safety
Course Code	CH3121
Academic Units	2
Contact Hours	26
Research Experience Components	Not Applicable

Course Requisites (if applicable)

Pre-requisites	Nil
Co-requisites	
Pre-requisite to	
Mutually exclusive to	
Replacement course to	
Remarks (if any)	

Course Aims

This course aims to teach you about process plant safety systems at an advanced level; to understand and application of fundamental tools used to design, manage, operate safely and to quantify risks in chemical and biological plants. The intent is also for you to learn about safer design for error tolerance and not just prevention or mitigation.

Course's Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)

Upon the successful completion of this course, you (student) would be able to:

ILO 1	Apply the core Process Safety Engineering skills to design, maintain and operate the chemical process plants via Identification, quantification and management of risks through various industrial examples and problems.
ILO 2	apply engineering and analytical techniques to establish the scheme to identify risks.
ILO 3	Recommend safety measures at chemical and biological plants.

Course Content

Brief content of course includes: • Introduction to process plant safety, Industrial disasters and Inherent safety principles, • Toxicology-: classification, entry, response, measurement and control in body. • Industrial Hygiene: Identification, evaluation and control from systems • Hazards Identification: Hazop Technique Introduction and learn the basic skills of tool application. • Consequence Analysis: Source modelling Techniques, Toxic release and dispersion models • Likelihood Analysis: Introduction to probability theories, Risk quantification techniques via Fault Tree Analysis • Risk Assessment Techniques: Learn to apply LOPA (Layers of Protection Analysis) as a Risk Assessment tool including Safety Instrumented System design layers. • Fires and explosions: Flammability characteristics, design techniques to Prevent Fires and explosions. • Introduction to Pressure protection requirements, relief devices and relief Sizing • Accident Investigation: RCA Process, Methods and analyze steps of the incident investigation process • Sustainability: Appreciation of environmental problems, climate changes and ozone depletion, energy efficiency and renewable energy for chemical industry.

Reading and References (if applicable)

1) Chemical Process Safety: Fundamentals with Applications (3rd Edition) by Daniel A. Crowl, Joseph F. Louvar 2) Living in the Environment by G. T. Miller, S. E. Spoolman

Planned Schedule

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
1	Introduction to process safety, Lessons from industrial disasters resulted in major societal, economic and environmental problems. Introduction to Engineering ethics, accident and loss statistics (OSHA Recordable and FAR Metrics), acceptable vs unacceptable risks, public perception, nature of accident processes and Inherent Safety Principles.	1.2	Students to read lecture Notes and course text book. Example problems are solved in class. Few exercises and forms posted in IVLE for additional practice Compile all similar queries exchanged from email and response posted back in IVLE		

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
2	Toxicology: Classifications, How toxicant enters in or removed from biological organisms' effects on biological organisms, toxicological studies, dose versus response curves, threshold limits (TLV), toxic release model (Probit) and mitigation, etc.	1.2.3	Same as above		

Week or	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
3	ndustrial hygiene & Hazards identification: regulatory requirements, Intermittent and continuous evaluations, controls- understand and apply the hierarchy in hazard control, ventilation methods to control toxicant concentration in the workplace. Understand major hazards, preventive and mitigative methods to counter the Industrial Hygiene issues.	1.2.3	Same as above		

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
4	Process Hazard Analysis: objectives and main steps to build PHA strategy, Introduction to Hazop (Hazard and Operability Analysis) tool: Process Safety Information, Team establishment with roles, Nodal classification, checklist compilation, application of deviations, identification of causes, consequences, safeguards and recommendatio ns based on risk matrix, etc.,	1,2,3	Students to read lecture Notes and course text book. Example problems are solved in class. Few exercises and forms posted in IVLE for additional practice Compile all similar queries exchanged from email and response posted back in IVLE		

Week or Session		ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
5	Hazop Workshop: To enable the application of skills necessary for the application of tool to \achieve the results expected. Team based approach requires a project management approach on top of the technical requirements. An example problem is practiced as part of the workshop.	2,3	Same as above		

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
6	Source modelling: consequence modelling with respect to source terms by calculating the discharge rate for different physical discharge scenarios, such as flow of liquid through a hole, through hole in a tank, through pipes, vapor through holes and flashing liquids. Understand the assumptions inherent in the source term calculations.	1,2	Same as above		

Week	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
or	Topics of Tricines	iLO	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Delivery Mode	Activities
Session					
7	Toxic release	2,3	Same as above		
	and Dispersion				
	modelling:				
	Understand the				
	concepts of				
	dispersion				
	modelling based				
	on prevailing				
	wind conditions				
	and atmospheric				
	stability. Apply				
	the Pasquill-				
	Gifford (P-G)				
	Model to				
	calculate				
	dispersion of				
	ideal puffs and				
	plumes (Puff				
	with				
	Instantaneous				
	Point source at				
	ground level or				
	at height above				
	ground level,				
	Plume with				
	continuous,				
	steady-state				
	source at ground				
	level or at height				
	above the				
	ground level).				
	Know the				
	assumptions and				
	limitations of				
	the P-G models.				

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
8	Probability theory, Fault tree analysis: Risk Quantification criteria, Probability concepts, component failure theory, Interactions between components, describe the terms risk, risk analysis, risk assessment, calculate probability of failure, reliability, MTBF, failure rate for fault trees and aids for recommendatio n.	1,2,3	Same as above		

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
9	LOPA(Layer of Protection analysis) and SIS (safety Instrumented system): Describe the purpose of LOPA, characteristics of independent layers of protection (IPL) Identify and to understand the difference between safeguards and independent layers of protection with an example to relate the expansion of Hazop into a LOPA. Learn about SIS, when we need it, Concepts of SIS Life Cycle, Safety Integrity level and Safety Requirements Specifications are defined.	1,2,3	Same as above		

Week or Session	Topics or Themes	ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
10	LOPA workshop: To enable the application of skills necessary for the application of tool to achieve the results expected. Team based approach requires a project management approach on top of the technical requirements. An example problem is practiced as part of the workshop.	2.3	Same as above		
11	Fire, explosion, and prevention: The fire triangle, flammability characteristics of liquids and vapours, minimum oxygen concentration and inerting, autoignition, spray & mists, explosions, static electricity and controlling, explosion proof equipment and instrument, ventilation, sprinkler system.	1,2,3	Same as above		

Week or Session		ILO	Readings	Delivery Mode	Activities
12	Pressure Reliefs: Concepts, locations, scenarios, installation practices, relief sizing for liquid, vapour or gas service and rupture disc relief.	1,2,3	Same as above		
13	Accident/Incide nt Investigation: RCA Process, Methods and analyze steps of the incident investigation process. Sustainability: Appreciation of the cause of environmental problems, climate changes and ozone depletion due to industrialization as well as energy efficiency and renewable energy for chemical industry.	2,3	Same as above		

Learning and Teaching Approach

Approach	How does this approach support you in achieving the learning outcomes?
Lectur e	Demonstrate how to carry out a procedure such as working through a problem, use incomplete handouts which enabling students participating in class.
Project s/Quiz Works hops	Workshops conducted to enable your skill-based tool application and project management process. Team based project is guided and evaluated for the content, understanding of requirements, your ability to apply the tools effectively to achieve expected results and your concise project report as a professional output.

Assessment Structure

Assessment Components (includes both continuous and summative assessment)

No.	Component	ILO	Related PLO or Accreditation	Weightage	Team/Individual	Rubrics	Level of Understanding
1	Summative Assessment (EXAM): Final exam(Open book final examination)	1,2,3	a,b,c,d,f,g,h,i,j,k	60	Individual	Analytic	Multistructural
2	Continuous Assessment (CA): Project(Hazop group project and Consequence analysis individual quiz)	1,2,3	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,k	40	Team	Analytic	Multistructural

Description of Assessment Components (if applicable)

Final Examination (60%) and 2. Continuous Assessment (40%)

(2 Projects: 2X20%)

Formative Feedback

Examination results;

Marker's report on overall examination performance will be uploaded to NTUlearn;

Students will get feedback on their performance in the project.

NTU Graduate Attributes/Competency Mapping

This course intends to develop the following graduate attributes and competencies (maximum 5 most relevant)

Attributes/Competency	Level
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Course Policy

Policy (Academic Integrity)

Good academic work depends on honesty and ethical behaviour. The quality of your work as a student relies on adhering to the principles of academic integrity and to the NTU Honour Code, a set of values shared by the whole university community. Truth, Trust and Justice are at the core of NTU's shared values. As a student, it is important that you recognize your responsibilities in understanding and applying the principles of academic integrity in all the work you do at NTU. Not knowing what is involved in maintaining academic integrity does not excuse academic dishonesty. You need to actively equip yourself with strategies to avoid all forms of academic dishonesty, including plagiarism, academic fraud, collusion and cheating. If you are uncertain of the definitions of any of these terms, you should go to the academic integrity website for more information. On the use of technological tools (such as Generative Al tools), different courses / assignments have different intended learning outcomes. Students should refer to the specific assignment instructions on their use and requirements and/or consult your instructors on how you can use these tools to help your learning. Consult your instructor(s) if you need any clarification about the requirements of academic integrity in the course.

Policy (General)

You are expected to complete all online activities and take all scheduled assignments and tests by due dates. You are expected to take responsibility to follow up with course notes, assignments and course related announcements. You are expected to participate in all tutorial discussions and activities.

Policy (Absenteeism)

Continuous assessments make up a significant portion of your course grade. Absence from continuous assessments without officially approved leave will result in no marks and affect students' overall course grade.

Policy (Others, if applicable)

Continuous assessments: You are required to attend all continuous assessments.

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Last Updated By: Raman Balajee

Appendix 1: Assessment Criteria for Project 1 and 2:

A final report is expected as an outcome for the two mini projects. This is a Team exercise. Maximum score is 20 marks per Project.

Standard	Criteria
Excellent (18-20 marks)	Excellent work which is clearly outstanding and characterized by: (a) highly creative, practical, and cost-effective design solution concepts (b) deep understanding of problem, skilful application of engineering knowledge, and thorough analysis of problem/solution (c) excellent build quality, performance, and aesthetics of prototype (d) strict observance of lab/workshop rules and safety, and excellent project/time management (e) excellent presentation of results in report
Good (14-17 marks)	Good work characterized by: (a) creative, practical, and cost-effective design solution concepts (b) proficient understanding of problem, application of engineering knowledge, and analysis of problem/solution (c) high build quality, performance, and aesthetics of prototype (d) good observance of lab/workshop rules and safety, and good project/time management (e) good presentation of results in report
Satisfactory (10-13 marks)	Satisfactory work characterized by: (a) somewhat creative, practical, and cost-effective design solution concepts (b) some understanding of problem, application of engineering knowledge, and analysis of problem/solution (c) moderate build quality, performance, and aesthetics of prototype (d) satisfactory observance of lab/workshop rules and safety, and acceptable project/time management (e) satisfactory presentation of results in report
Poor (0-9 marks)	Work that does not meet minimum criteria and characterized by: (a) lack of creativity, practicality, or cost effectiveness in design solution concepts (b) lack of understanding of problem, application of engineering knowledge, or analysis of problem/solution (c) poor build quality, performance, or aesthetics of prototype (d) unsatisfactory observance of lab/workshop rules and safety, or poor project/time management (e) poor presentation of results in report

Points to Note for report Submission:

- a. Content Ensure your team's effort to feature in the report conveys understanding of problem, application of engineering knowledge and analysis of problem. You want to highlight good and practical design attributes that you have incorporated into your system to make it more robust, flexible and intelligent. Especially features that gives your system a superior performance over other team. This information in your report will contribute towards the Content component of the assessment.
- b. *Teamwork* Ensure that all team members participate and is seen to be participating in the production of report. Think carefully how you can convey a strong sense of teamwork within your group when composing your report. This will contribute towards the Teamwork component of the assessment.
- c. Presentation Use the analysis and tools medium effectively. Use these capabilities to convey the resolution of problem, proposed system design via calculations, tabulations, screenshots, schematic drawings, etc. Ensure text and narratives (if used) are correct, concise and clearly articulated. Your effective use of all these elements will contribute towards the Presentation component of the assessment.
- d. Creativity Be as creative as possible in putting together your report. Remember, this is a pragmatic resolution of engineering problem which allows you much more scope to think out of the box. Ask yourself, "How can I be original in reporting the work done, demonstrate teamwork and highlight our achievements?" Think carefully what you want to feature first before putting the report together. Discuss as a team how you can make the presentation of the content interesting. All these elements will contribute towards the Creativity component of the assessment.

Assessment Form for Peer Evaluation

Please indicate your perceptions of other team member's contribution during the project development. Use the scale below for assessing each team member.

Scoring: Your personal score for the project would be moderated based on your peer assessment based on the following formula:

$$Your \ Individual \ Project \ Score \ = \frac{Individual \ Peer \ Score}{Average \ Team \ Peer \ Score} \times Team \ Score$$

10-9	8-7	6-4	3-1	0
Demonstrate outstanding contributions and efforts during teamwork.	effort in	Made some contributions but greater effort could have been exhibited during teamwork.	contribute much effort during	Made no effort to contribute during teamwork.

Team member:	Team member:										
Preparation for work accomplishment: completed readings.	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Task-related collaborative behaviour: task-focused, respectful of cooperative.	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Team adjustment behaviours: intra-team coaching, problem solving		9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Work behaviours: involved and participatory		9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Communication: information shared and exchanged, engaged in process, and made verbal contributions.	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Provide constructive feedback for this team member. (Consisting of two to three sentences):											

Mapping of Course ILOs to EAB Graduate Attributes

Course Code & Title	CH3121 CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, PLANT SAFETY
Course Type	CORE

Overview											
(a)	•	(b)	•	(c)	•	(d)	•	(e)	•	(f)	•
(g)	•	(h)	•	(i)	0	(j)	•	(k)	0		
Legen	nd:										
 Fully consistent (contributes to more than 75% of Student Learning Outcome) 											
Partially consistent (contributes to about 50% of Student Learning Outcome)											
O Weakly consistent (contributes to about 25% of Student Learning Outcome)											
Blank Not related to Student Learning Outcome											

	Course ILOs	EAB Graduate Attributes
1)	Apply the core Process Safety Engineering skills to design, maintain and operate the chemical process plants via Identification, quantification and management of risks through various industrial examples and problems	a, b, c, d, e, f, h, k
2)	Apply engineering and analytical techniques to establish the scheme to identify risks.	a, b, c, d, e, f, h, i, j, k
3)	Recommend safety measures at chemical and biological plants	a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, j, k
4)		
5)		
6)		
7)		
8)		
9)		
10)		

EAB Graduate Attributes

- a) **Engineering Knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, computing and engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialisation as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- b) **Problem Analysis**: Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences with holistic considerations for sustainable development. (WK1 to WK4)
- c) **Design / Development of Solutions**: Design creative solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet identified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, whole-life cost, net zero carbon as well as resource, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations as required. (WK5)
- d) **Investigation**: Conduct investigations of complex problems using research-based knowledge (WK8) and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- e) **Modern Tool Usage**: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations. (WK2 and WK6)
- f) **The Engineer and the World**: When solving complex engineering problems, analyse and evaluate sustainable development impacts to: society, the economy, sustainability, health and safety, legal frameworks and the environment (WK1, WK5, and WK7).
- g) **Ethics**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice and adhere to relevant national and international laws. Demonstrate an understanding of the need for diversity and inclusion (WK9).
- h) **Individual and Collaborative Team Work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse and inclusive teams and in multidisciplinary, face-to-face, remote and distributed settings (WK9).
- i) Communication: Communicate effectively and inclusively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions, taking into account cultural, language, and learning differences.
- j) **Project Management and Finance**: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making, and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- k) **Life-long Learning**: Recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to (i) engage in independent and life-long learning, and (ii) adapt to new and emerging technologies, and (iii) think critically, in the broadest context of technological change (WK8).

No	Knowledge Profile
WK1	A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural sciences applicable to the discipline and awareness of relevant social sciences
WK2	Conceptually-based mathematics, numerical analysis, data analysis, statistics and formal aspects of computer and information science to support detailed analysis and modelling applicable to the discipline
WK3	A systematic, theory-based formulation of engineering fundamentals required in the engineering discipline
WK4	Engineering specialist knowledge that provides theoretical frameworks and bodies of knowledge for the accepted practice areas in the engineering discipline; much is at the forefront of the discipline
WK5	Knowledge including efficient resource use, environmental impacts, whole-life cost, re-use of resources, net zero carbon, and similar concepts that supports engineering design and operations in a practice area
WK6	Knowledge of engineering practice (technology) in the practice areas in the engineering discipline
WK7	Knowledge of the role of engineering in society and identified issues in engineering practice in the discipline such as the professional responsibility of an engineer to public safety and sustainable development.
WK8	Engagement with selected knowledge in the current research literature of the discipline, awareness of the power of critical thinking and creative approaches to evaluate emerging issues
WK9	Knowledge of professional ethics, responsibilities, and norms of engineering practice. Awareness of the need for diversity by reason of ethnicity, gender, age, physical ability etc with mutual understanding and respect, and of inclusive attitudes

Reference: <u>EAB Accreditation Manual</u>