

NEWS RELEASE

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NTU Singapore scientists develop grain-sized soft robots controlled by magnetic fields for targeted drug delivery

A team of scientists at Nanyang Technological University, Singapore (NTU Singapore) has developed grain-sized soft robots that can be controlled using magnetic fields for targeted drug delivery, paving the way to possible improved therapies in future.

The new soft robot developed by engineers at NTU's School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering (MAE) was reported in a paper published in the scientific journal *Advanced Materials*.

The study is believed to be the first reported instance of miniature robots that can transport up to four different drugs and release them in reprogrammable orders and doses.

Compared to earlier small-scale robots which can only carry up to three types of drugs and cannot be programmed for release in order, the newly developed miniature robots offer precision functions that have the potential to significantly improve therapeutic outcomes while minimising side effects, said the research team.

The NTU team had previously developed magnetically controlled miniature robots capable of complex manoeuvres such as 'swimming' through tight spaces and gripping tiny objects.

Building on their earlier work, lead investigator, **Assistant Professor Lum Guo Zhan** from the School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering (MAE), said the team was inspired by the 1960s film 'Fantastic Voyage', in which a submarine crew was shrunk to the size of a cell to repair damage in an injured scientist's brain.

"What was a scenario in a sci-fi movie is now becoming closer to reality with our lab's innovation. Traditional methods of drug delivery like oral administration and injections will seem comparatively inefficient when stacked up against sending a tiny robot through the body to deliver the drug exactly where it is needed," Asst Prof Lum said.

Highly dexterous and reprogrammable drug-dispensing capabilities

The grain-sized robot was created using smart magnetic composite materials (magnetic microparticles and polymer) that are non-toxic to humans.

Unlike existing miniature robots that cannot precisely control their orientations, the newly developed soft robot is highly dexterous – quickly rolling and crawling to negotiate obstacles. Its dexterity offers great potential for navigating complex, unstructured environments inside the human body.

In lab experiments, the robot accomplished tasks in water that mimicked conditions in the human body.

The robot was first placed on a surface divided into four sections, and it succeeded in moving to each section at speeds of between 0.30 mm and 16.5 mm per second and releasing a different drug in each section, proving its ability to carry multiple drugs and to be programmable for their release in a controlled manner.

In another experiment, researchers tested the robot's ability to deliver drugs in more challenging environments by using a thicker liquid, and results showed that the robot could navigate the environment and release sufficient drugs over eight hours.

Furthermore, after eight hours of continuous movement, the robot exhibited minimal drug leakage. This ability to control drug release without excessive leakage makes the soft robot a good candidate for treatments requiring the precise delivery of multiple drugs at different times and locations.

Co-authors of the study included Research Fellow Yang Zilin and PhD Graduate Xu Changyu from the School of MAE.

"These findings show that our soft robot could potentially play a key role in the future of targeted drug delivery, especially in those treatments such as cancer therapies that need precise control over multiple drugs," Yang said.

Providing an independent view, Dr Yeo Leong Litt Leonard, Senior Consultant and surgeon at the Division of Neurology, Department of Medicine, National University Hospital and Ng Teng Fong General Hospital, said, "As a doctor who performs minimally invasive procedures, we currently use a catheter and a wire to move through blood vessels to treat problems. But I can foresee it will not be long before this is superseded by tiny robots that can autonomously swim through the body to reach places we can't get to with our tools. These robots could stay in place and release medication over time, which would be much safer than leaving a catheter or stent inside the body for a long time. This is a medical breakthrough on the verge of happening."

The NTU research team is now looking to make their robots even smaller so that they could eventually be used to provide revolutionary treatments for conditions such as brain tumours, bladder cancer, and colorectal cancer. Before these tiny robots are deployed for such medical treatments, the NTU researchers aim to further evaluate their performance with organ-on-chip devices and animal models.

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Notes to Editor:

Paper titled "Magnetic Miniature Soft Robot with Reprogrammable Drug-Dispensing Functionalities: Toward Advanced Targeted Combination Therapy" published in Advanced Materials, 9 Sep 2024 https://doi.org/10.1002/adma.202408750

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About Nanyang Technological University, Singapore

A research-intensive public university, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore (NTU Singapore) has 35,000 undergraduate and postgraduate students in the Business, Computing & Data Science, Engineering, Humanities, Arts, & Social Sciences, Medicine, Science, and Graduate colleges.

NTU is also home to world-renowned autonomous institutes – the National Institute of Education, S Rajaratnam School of International Studies and Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering – and various leading research centres such as the Earth Observatory of Singapore, Nanyang Environment & Water Research Institute and Energy Research Institute @ NTU (ERI@N).

Under the NTU Smart Campus vision, the University harnesses the power of digital technology and tech-enabled solutions to support better learning and living experiences, the discovery of new knowledge, and the sustainability of resources.

Ranked amongst the world's top universities, the University's main campus is also frequently listed among the world's most beautiful. Known for its sustainability, NTU has achieved 100% Green Mark Platinum certification for all its eligible building projects. Apart from its main campus, NTU also has a medical campus in Novena, Singapore's healthcare district.

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