

# Natural Language Processing in Finance

## Predicting Stock Market Trends Using a GRU-based BERT Sentiment Index

### Objectives

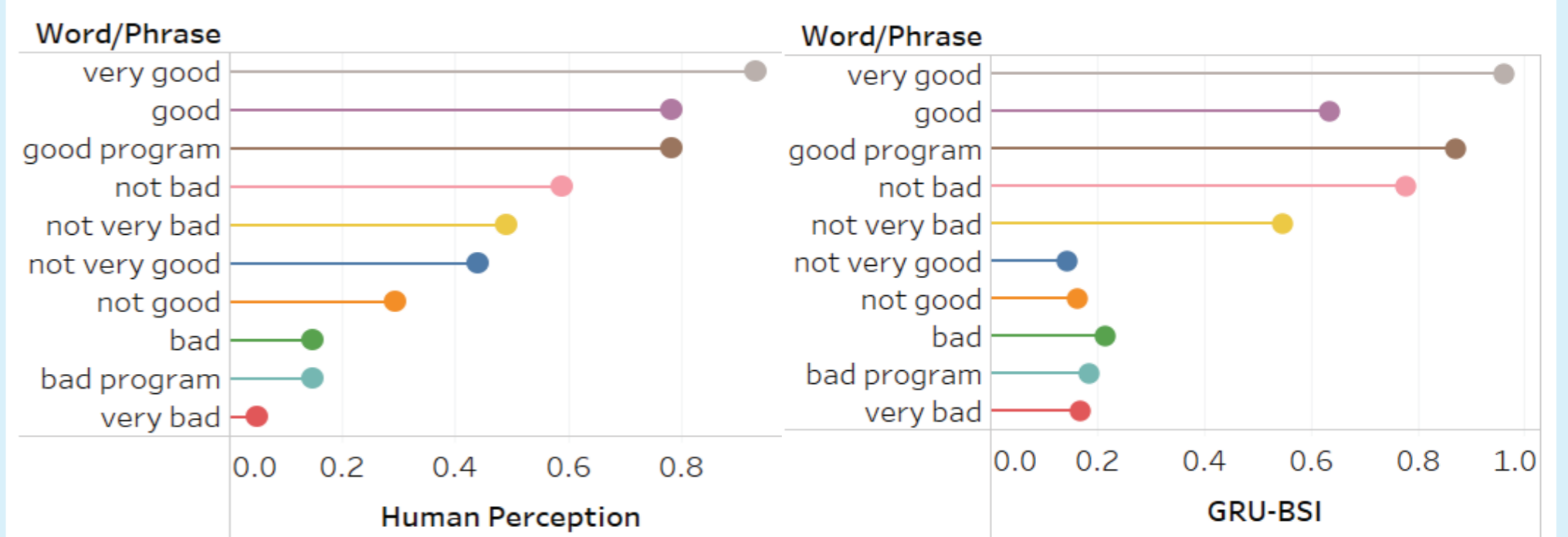
Despite the widespread recognition that BERT model has outperformed most NLP models, BERT remains an underexplored terrain in the field of stock trend prediction.

Aim to construct a novel sentiment polarity index ("GRU-BSI") as a measure of market sentiments that were extracted from BERT word embeddings

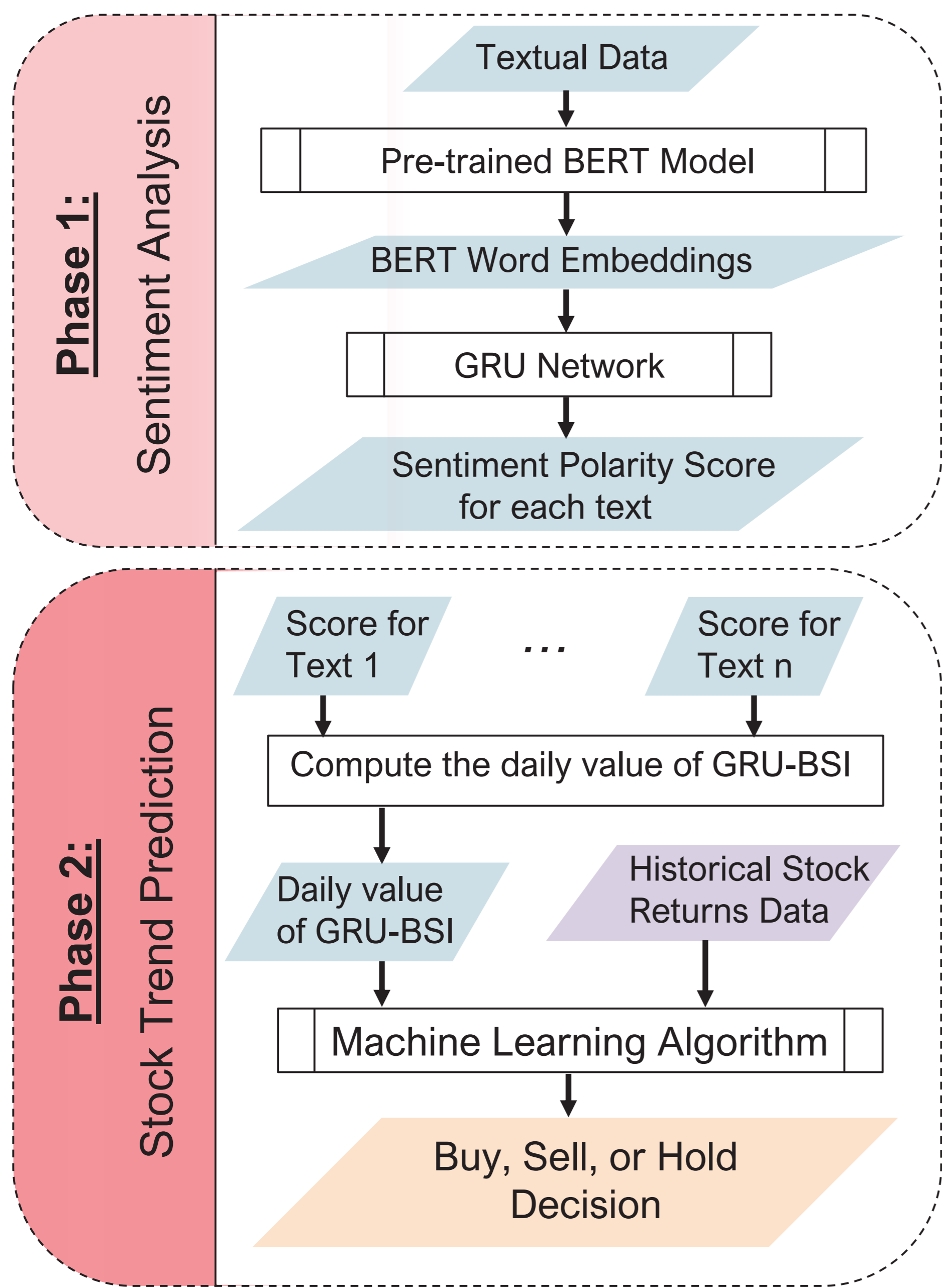
Utilise GRU-BSI and stock returns to predict stock trends

### Comparison of Sentiment Polarity Scores

The sentiment polarity scores derived from BERT word embeddings (Right Fig.) **bore close resemblance** with the scores assigned manually by a human (Left Fig.), despite the presence of slight discrepancies.



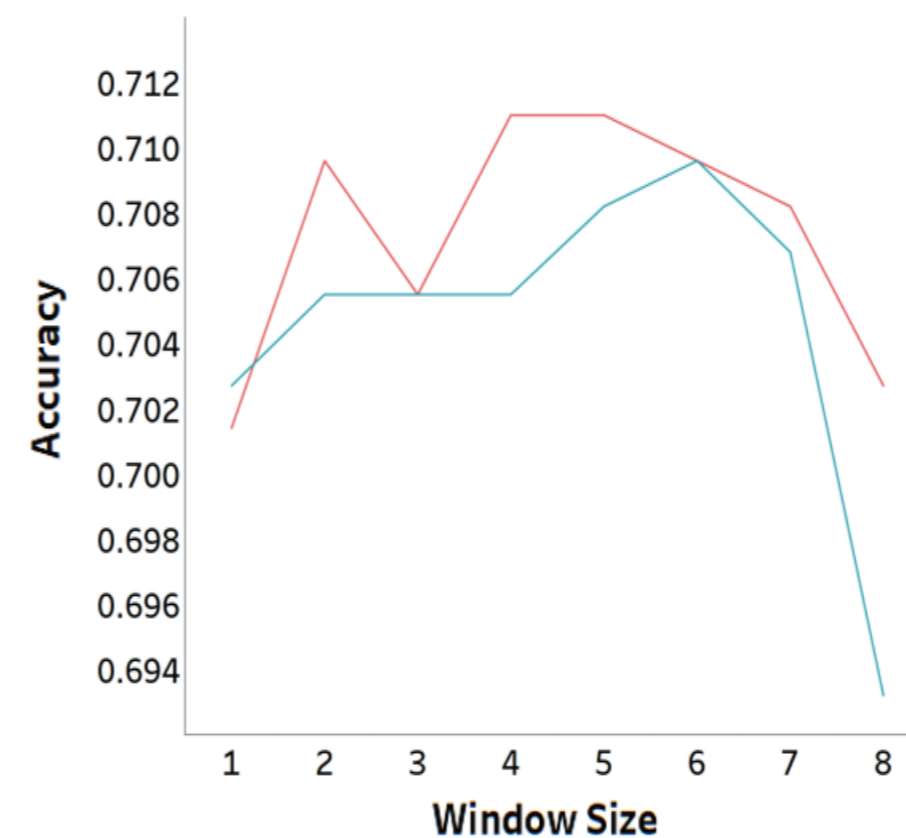
### Methodology



### Stock Trend Prediction Results

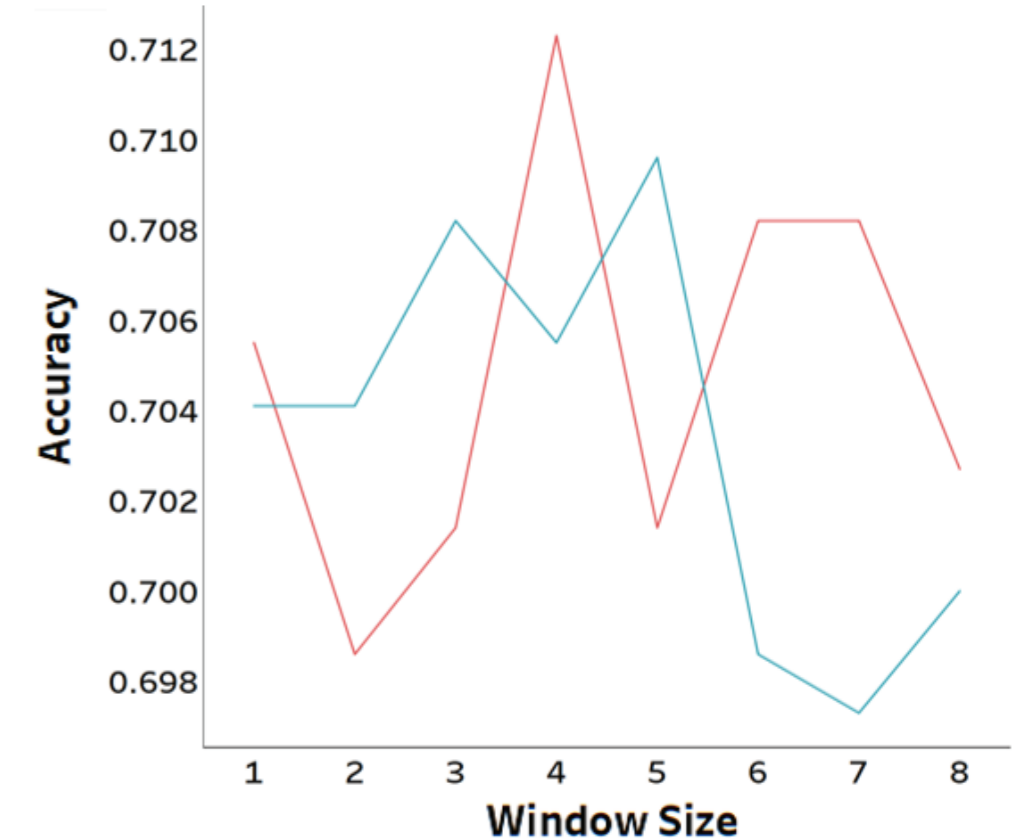
- GRU-BSI **outperformed** VADER and TextBlob, which are well-established sentiment analysis tools, in **three out of six machine learning algorithms** utilised for stock trend prediction.
  - The three algorithms are KNN, MLP, and LSTM.

Best-performing LSTM Model for AMAZON



- Baseline LSTM Model for Amazon (Input variables are historical stock returns. No sentiment data included)
- Best-performing LSTM Model for Amazon (Input variables are historical stock returns and GRU-BSI constructed using social media comments)

Best-performing MLP Model for AMAZON



- Baseline MLP Model for Amazon (Input variables are historical stock returns. No sentiment data included)
- Best-performing MLP Model for Amazon (Input variables are historical stock returns and GRU-BSI constructed using social media comments)

- Social media comments** have stronger predictive power than news headlines.
- Optimal Input Window Length for Stock Trend Prediction: **Between 3 and 6**