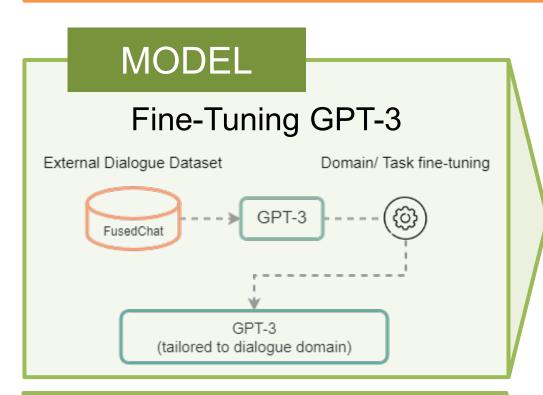


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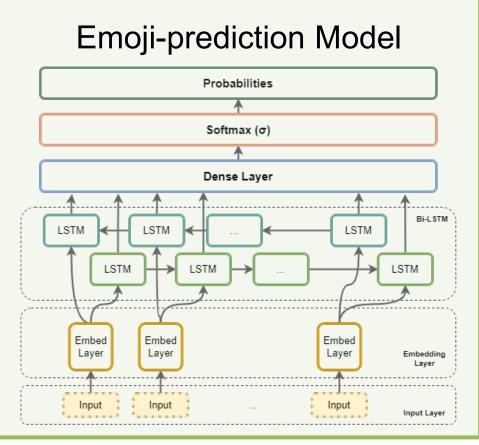
Student: Low Shi Min Supervisor: Associate Professor Erik Cambria

PROJECT OBJECTIVE

This project aims to improve the existing dialogue system models and incorporate emojis into the traditional implementation to further enhance the human-computer interaction. In this study, further fine-tuning was made to the Generative Pre-trained Transformer 3 (GPT-3) to attain a model capable of performing both tasked-oriented dialogue (TOD) and non-tasked-oriented dialogue (non-TOD) seamlessly. On the other hand, Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory (BiLSTM) was employed to obtain a model capable of predicting the emoji to use. Consequently, both models were fused together into a pipeline to produce a final model capable of performing TOD and non-TOD while sounding human-like. This enhancement of dialogue systems will improve the overall user experience in human-computer interactions



RESULTS Comparison of Generation Results on MultiWOZ Inform **BLEU** Model Combined Success Fine-tuned 82.30 70.09 15.12 91.32 GPT-3 Baseline 71.29 60.96 18.8 84.93



Emoji Prediction Results					
Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score		
0.93	0.96	0.99	0.98		

Overview of the Architecture						
User Input Fine-Tuned GPT-3 Emoji Prediction Model						
Append						
Response Output						

Overarching Model Results					
Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score		
0.980	0.995	0.990	0.992		